INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE

Applies to: Model VCLUS/VCLUS HL 120V 60Hz
Gas-Fired, Tubular, Radiant,
Low-Intensity Infrared Heater



VCLUS / VCLUS HL OWNERS MANUAL

WARNING: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read the installation, operating and maintenance instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.





Introduction.

Welcome to the new range of powered Harsh Environment infrared heaters. Local regulations may vary and it is the installer's responsibility to ensure that such regulations are satisfied.

All installation, assembly, commissioning and service procedures must be carried out by suitable qualified competent persons and conform with local building codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or the National Gas and Propane Installation Code CSA B149.1.

When assembling, installing, commissioning

and servicing is undertaken on radiant tube heaters specified in these instructions, due care and attention is required to ensure that working at height regulations are adhered to

PLEASE READ this document prior to installation to familiarize yourself with the components and tools you require at the various stages of assembly.

All dimensions shown are in inches unless otherwise stated.

The manufacturer reserves the right to alter specifications without prior notice.

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1. Installation Requirements

1.1 Health and Safety

- A. Heater is intended for heating outdoor or non-residential indoor spaces and should only be installed where flammable gases or vapours are not present.
- B. Heaters can be suspended horizontally or at any angle along the axis of the emitter tubes but can only be rotated about the burner head 0 to 55°. See section 1.3 for clearance dimensions.
- C. The installation must conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or the Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CSA B149.1.
- D. The unit shall be electrically grounded in accordance with National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA 70 and Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1.
- E. The heater may be installed in aircraft hangars in accordance with the Standard for

Aircraft Hangars, ANSI/NFPA 409 and in automotive garages when installed in accordance with the Standard for Parking Structures, ANSI/NFPA 88A, or the Standard for Repair Garages, ANSI/NFPA 88B, or the Canadian Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CSA B149.1, and are so marked. Ensure that minimum clearances will be maintained to vehicles parked below the heater.

- F. The standard heaters are approved for installations between 0 2000ft (0 610m) above sea level for the US and 0 4500 ft (1370m) above sea level for Canada. Conversion kits are available on installations above these heights in the USA.
- G. **Massachusetts Requirement:** If the heater is being installed in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, this unit must be installed by a licensed plumber or licenced gas fitter.

Note: Any outdoor installations must be installed with a vent cap at the inlet and the flue end.

1.2 Heater Suspension

Attachment to the heater support lugs should

be made by D shackle. The hanging attachments to overhead steelwork etc. have to be designed and produced in accordance with sound engineering practices. They must be adequately fixed and designed to carry the whole weight of the heater. In the event of suitable roof steelwork being unavailable, additional steelwork should be fitted to enable vertical hangers to be used for suspending the heaters.

These methods are illustrated in Figure 1. If there are any doubts as to the strength or suitability of roof steelwork to which heaters are to be suspended, please refer to a Consultant, Architect or owner of the building.

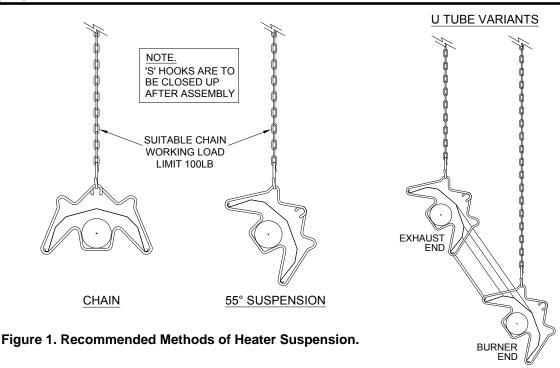
It is recommended that the heater is raised to its final position once the assembly of the emitter tube/bracket/reflector has been completed. Longer tube assemblies may be raised in more than one sub-assembly with final emitter tube connection made in the air.

Ensure that the installer uses the burner roof support mounting bracket when suspending the heater. This is situated on the front of the burner. When packed the bracket is reversed and must be turned to its correct state for mounting. (ref page 22.)

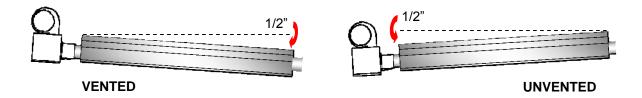


WARNING:

If not installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, this product could expose you to substances in fuel or from fuel combustion which are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



ON VENTED HEATERS, THE HEATER SHOULD SLOPE DOWNWARDS AWAY FROM THE BURNER AND ON UNVENTED HEATERS SHOULD SLOPE DOWNWARDS TOWARDS BURNER BY APPROX. 1/2" FOR HORIZONTAL INSTALLATIONS AS SHOWN BELOW (DIAGRAMS EXAGGERATED FOR CLARITY)



1.3 Clearance to Combustibles.

Minimum clearance to combustibles are shown in Table 1 below.

IMPORTANT:

The stated clearance to combustibles represents a surface temperature of 90°F (50°C) above room temperature. Building material with a low heat tolerance (such as plastics, vinyl siding, canvas, tri-ply, etc.) may be subject to degradation at lower temperatures. It is the installer's responsibility to assure that adjacent materials are protected from degradation.

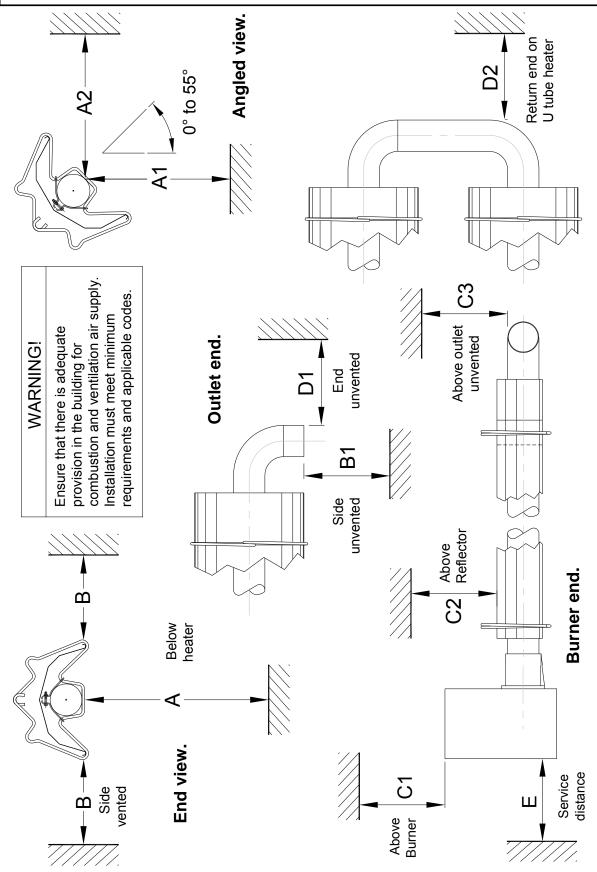
Table 1	Cleara	nce to Combus	tibles, i	nches (cm)					
MODEL	Α	A1 / A2	В	B1	C1	C2	C3	D1	D2	E
40	49 (125)	15° = 48 (122) 25° = 45 (115) 35° = 41 (105) 45° = 35 (89) 55° = 29 (74)	24 (61)	41 (105)	20 (51) / 10* (26)*	8 (21)	22 (56)	8 (21)	12 (31)	12 (31)
60	74 (188)		29 (74)	41 (105)	20 (51) / 10* (26)*	8 (21)	22 (56)	8 (21)	12 (31)	12 (31)
80	74 (188)	15° = 72 (183)	29 (74)	41 (105)	20 (51) / 10* (26)*	8 (21)	22 (56)	8 (21)	12 (31)	12 (31)
100	74 (188)	25° = 68 (173) 35° = 61 (155) 45° = 53 (135)	32 (82)	41 (105)	20 (51) / 10* (26)*	8 (21)	22 (56)	8 (21)	16 (41)	12 (31)
125	74 (188)	55° = 43 (110)	39 (99)	47 (120)	20 (51) / 10* (26)*	8 (21)	22 (56)	20 (51)	18 (46)	12 (31)
150	74 (188)		39 (99)	48 (122)	20 (51) / 10* (26)*	8 (21)	22 (56)	20 (51)	18 (46)	12 (31)
170	86 (219)	15° = 82 (209) 25° = 78 (199) 35° = 71 (181)	48 (122)	48 (122)	20 (51) / 10* (26)*	11 (28)	22 (56)	20 (51)	20 (51)	12 (31)
200	86 (219)	45° = 61 (155) 55° = 50 (127)	48 (122)	48 (122)	20 (51) / 10* (26)*	11 (28)	22 (56)	20 (51)	20 (51)	12 (31)

^{*} distance with end caps fitted.

WARNING: Minimum clearance from the heater must be maintained from vehicles parked below heater. In all situations, clearances to combustibles must be maintained. Signs should be posted in storage areas to specify maximum stacking height to maintain required clearance to combustibles. Such signs must either be posted adjacent to the heater thermostats or in the absence of such thermostats in a conspicuous location. Refer to mounting clearance tables.

Figure 2 Clearance to Combustibles (Standard indoor reflectors)...

The minimum clearances to combustible materials are given in Table 1 These minimum distances MUST be adhered to at all times. Adequate clearance MUST be provided around air openings into the combustion chamber and there MUST be suitable clearance for accessibility and for combustion / ventilating air supplies.



1.4 Gas Connection and Supply

WARNING: Before installation, check that the local distribution conditions, nature of gas and pressure, and adjustment of the appliance are compatible.

The gas connection on the heater is $\frac{1}{2}$ " N.P.T internal thread.

Injector sizes and manifold pressure for the burners are shown in the table 4. The gas supply piping and connections must be installed so that the minimum pressure stated is achieved.

A gas shut off valve and union should be fitted in the gas supply line close to the heater and a 1/8" N.P.T plugged tapping, accessible for test gauge connection, provided immediately upstream of the appliance gas inlet.

It is essential to provide some flexibility in the final gas connection by use of an approved flexible gas connector. (See Fig 4.)

Take care when making a gas connection to the heater not to apply excessive turning force to the internal controls.

Care must be taken to observe the pipe bend diameter of 12" (30cm) and pipe displacement distance of 3" (7.62cm).

The correct installation as shown will allow for approx 4" of movement due to expansion.

* Connector must be certified for use on a radiant tube type infrared heater and must comply with Standard for Connectors for Gas Appliances, ANSI Z21.24/CSA 6.10 or with the Standard for Elastomeric Composite Hose and Hose Couplings for Conducting Propane and Natural Gas, CAN/CGA 8.1.

For heaters up to 150,000Btu/h, $\,\%{}^{2}$ ID x 24" long For heaters 150,000Btu/h and above, $\,\%{}^{2}$ ID x 36" long NOTE: For Canada all heaters MUST use a hose 36" long (See Table 3)

Figure 3. Correct orientation of Ball Valve

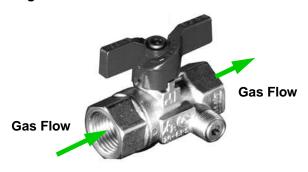
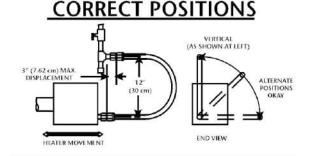


Figure 4. Correct Installation of Flexible Gas Connection



INCORRECT POSITIONS

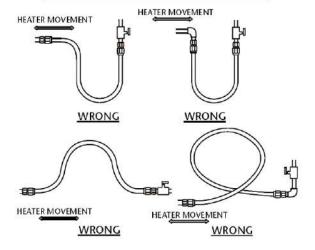


Table 2	HOSE SIZE	PART No.
	3/4"	A4129
	1/2"	A4128

WARNING: FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD - It is essential to provide some flexibility in the final gas line connection by use of an approved flexible connector as shown in the drawings. Expansion of the radiant pipe occurs with each firing cycle causing the burner to move with respect to the gas line. This can result in a gas leak producing an unsafe condition.



CONNECTOR MUST BE INSTALLED IN A "U" CONFIGURATION. FOR HEATERS UP TO 150,000 BTU/H, A 24" LONG CONNECTOR OF AT LEAST $\frac{1}{2}$ " ID MUST BE USED. FOR HEATERS ABOVE 150,000 BTU/H, A 36" LONG CONNECTOR OF AT LEAST $\frac{3}{4}$ " NOMINAL ID MUST BE USED.

Table 3 Gas Supply Pressures

Gas Type	Natu	LP/Propane Gas	
Model	VCS	VCT	VCS/VCT
Min Required Gas Pressure (in W.C) (40,000 TO 150,000 BTU)	5.0	7.0	11.0
Min Required Gas Pressure (in W.C) (170,000 TO 200,000 BTU)	7.0	7.0	11.0
Max Supply Pressure (in W.C)	14.0	14.0	14.0
Gas Supply	Co	onnection ½" N.P.T th	read

1.5 Electrical Connections

WARNING: Before making electrical connections, switch OFF the main electrical disconnect. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Lock out and tag switch with a suitable warning label. Electrical shock can cause personal injury or death.

This appliance must be electrically grounded

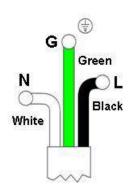
Supply 120V 60Hz single phase. Standard heater 0.16HP. Current rating (inductive):

1.8 amp max (models 60 - 150)

1.0 amp max (models 170 & 200)

Fuse: external 3 amp.

Important: All electrical work should be done by a qualified electrician in strict accordance with the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70 or Canadian Codes CSA C22.1.

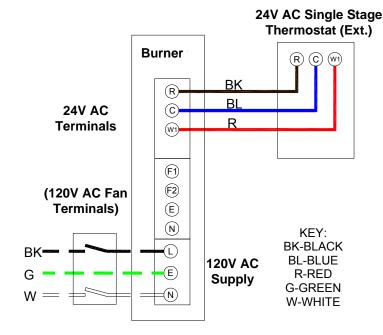


The electrical supply to the heater is by three wires: hot (Live), neutral and ground connections.

Install in accordance with all state & local codes.

Where alternative manufacturers controls are used, please refer to their instructions for their installation details.

Figure 5a. External Wiring Schematic (VCS)



Notes:

Use 18/4 class 2 thermostat cable between heater and thermostat.

Max. length @ 18 Awg (0.8mm²) = 100ft.

Only one burner can operate from one thermostat as supplied.

When servicing heaters ensure the electricity supply is isolated from the mains supply.

120V AC supply is still present at each burner when the thermostat is switched off.

Figure 5b. Single and Multiple Heater Installations 120V Control (VCS)

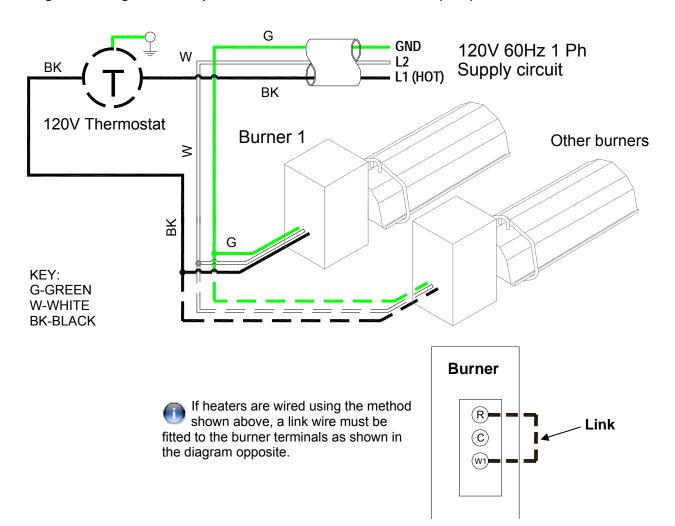
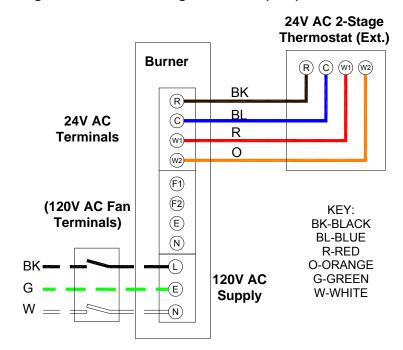


Figure 5c. External Wiring Schematic. (VCT)



Notes:

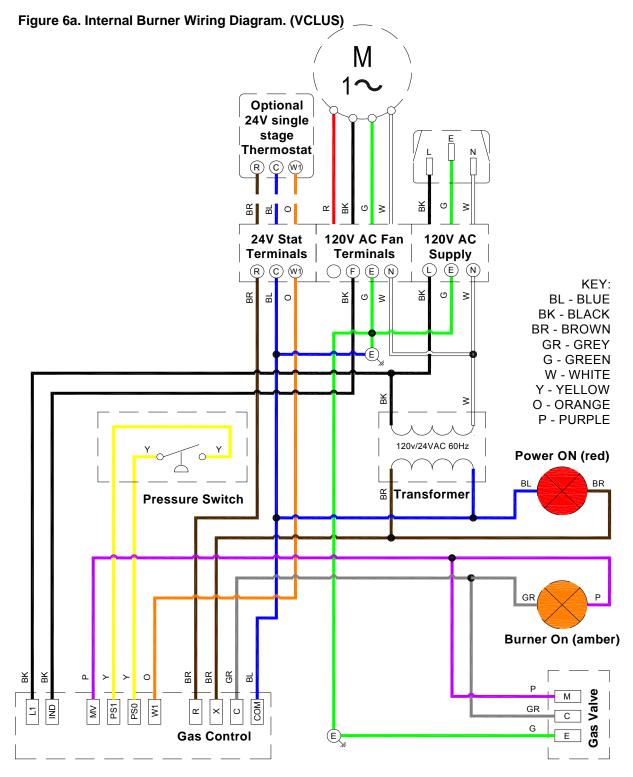
Use 18/4 class 2 thermostat cable between heater and thermostat.

Max. length @ 18 Awg (0.8mm²) = 100ft.

Only one burner can operate from one thermostat as supplied.

When servicing heaters ensure the electricity supply is isolated from the mains supply.

120V AC supply is still present at each burner when the thermostat is switched off.



NOTES:-

Power On light is permanently illuminated when 120V / 60 Hz AC external supply is connected to burner.

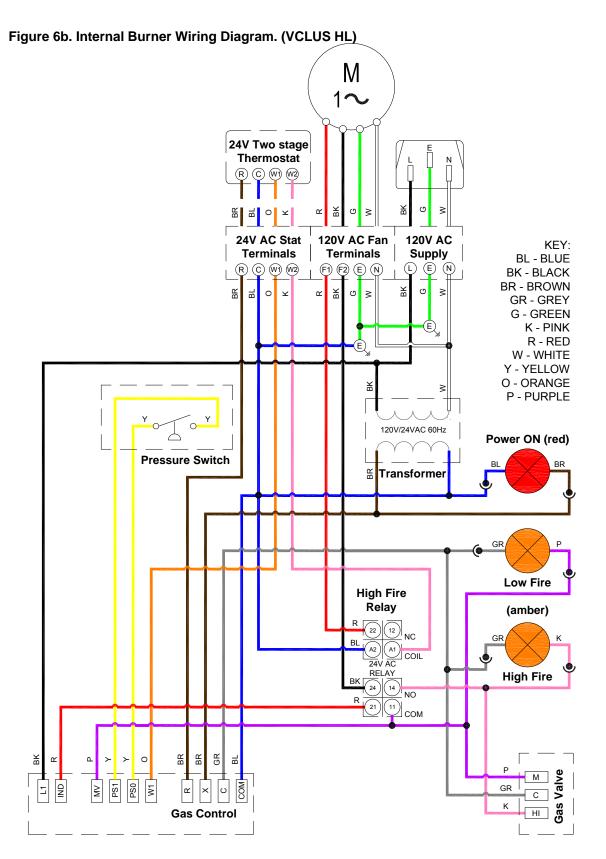
Additional wiring is required to install an optional extra thermostat and / or time clock.

If no thermostat is required then a jumper is fitted between terminals R and W1. In this configuration the burner will continuously fire until the 120V power supply is disconnected.

Wire specification:- 18 AWG (1.0mm²), Tri-rated, 105°C



If any of the original wire as supplied with the appliance must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 220°F/105°C



NOTES:-

Power On light is permanently illuminated when 120V / 60 Hz AC external supply is connected to burner. Additional wiring is required to install an optional extra thermostat and / or time clock. Wire specification:- 18 AWG (1.0mm²), Tri-rated, 105°C



If any of the original wire as supplied with the appliance must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 220°F/105°C

1.5.1 Multiple burner configurations (Master & Slave) via Optional Relay (VCLUSHL). Refer to figure 6c and 6e.

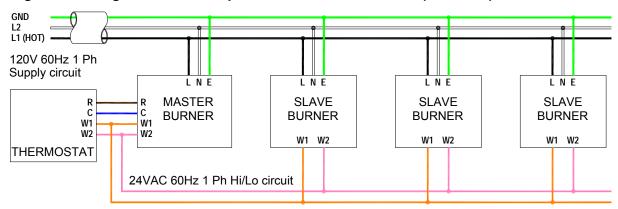
Multiple VCLUS HL burners can be controlled via one main burner. In this scenario the main burner is knows as the 'Master' and any additional burners are known as 'Slaves'.

The external two stage thermostat is connected to the Master burner and powered via the inbuilt transformer. The total burner load for the Master is 20VA. Each additional 'Slave' burner is 1.6VA

The Thermostat chosen to control the multiple heaters must not have a power requirement exceeding the spare capacity as shown in the examples below:.

CONFIGURATION	TOTAL BURNER LOAD	SPARE FOR THERMOSTAT
Master PLUS 1 Slave	21.6VA	18.4VA
Master PLUS 3 Slaves	24.8VA	15.2VA
Master PLUS 5 Slaves	28.0VA	12.0VA
Master PLUS 7 Slaves	31.3VA	8.8VA

Figure 6c. Wiring schematic. Multiple Burners Master and Slave. (VCLUSHL)



1.5.2 Multiple burner configuration via independently powered two stage thermostats. (VCLUSHL). Refer fig. 6d & 6e.

Note: If the thermostat has an independent power supply, all burners in the zone to be controlled **MUST** be Slave burners.

The maximum number of Slave burners per thermostat is dependent on the maximum power output of the thermostat selected.

Each 'Slave' burner is rated at 1.6VA 24VAC 60Hz.

The external two stage thermostat is powered via its own power supply and must output to each Slave burner - 24VAC for low fire to terminal W1 and 24VAC for hi fire to both terminals W1 and W2

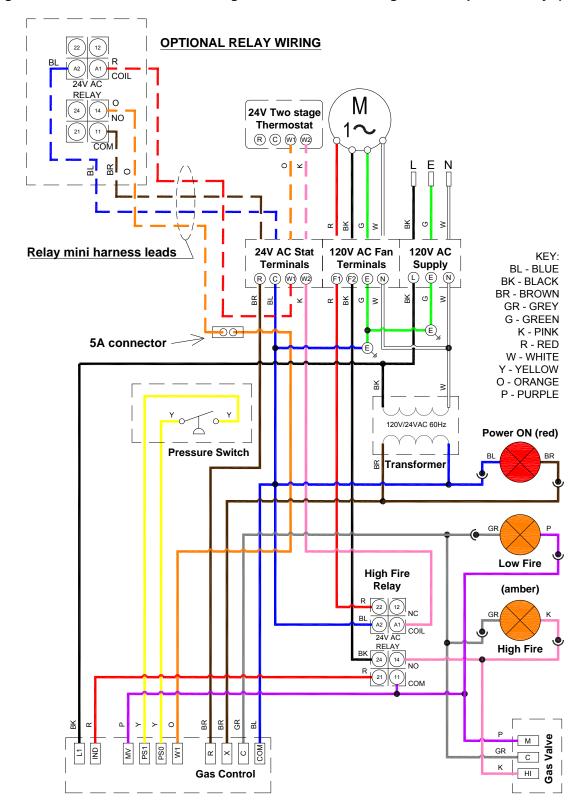
Refer to thermostat manufactures literature for details.

L2 c 120V 60Hz 1 Ph Supply circuit LNE LNE LNE LNE SLAVE SLAVE SLAVE SLAVE Low fire output W1 **BURNER** BURNER **BURNER** BURNER Hi fire output W2 W1 W2 W1 W2 W1 W2 **THERMOSTAT** 24VAC 60Hz 1 Ph Hi/Lo circuit Supply Circuit

Figure 6d. Wiring schematic. Multiple Burners via independently powered Relay. (VCLUSHL)

(by others)

Figure 6e. Internal Slave Burner Wiring/External Schematic Diagram with Optional Relay. (VCLUS HL)



NOTES:-

Power On light is permanently illuminated when 120V / 60 Hz AC external supply is connected to burner. Additional wiring is required to install an optional extra thermostat and / or time clock. Wire specification:- 18 AWG (1.0mm²), Tri-rated, 105°C



If any of the original wire as supplied with the appliance must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 220°F/105°C

1.6 Vent Requirements and Details

1.6.1 Unvented units

Heaters may be installed unvented providing the governing building codes are met and consideration is properly given to possibilities of condensation on cold surfaces.

Installation shall meet the following requirements when unvented:

- Natural or mechanical means shall be provided to supply and exhaust at least 4 CFM per 1000 BTU per hour input of installed heaters.
- Combustion gases shall not impinge on combustible materials.

1.6.2 Vertical venting

The heater can be installed with a vertical vent.

All vent piping should be adequately supported from the building structure and terminated with an approved terminal. The maximum recommended vent length is 25ft (7.6m) with a maximum of two elbows. All connections should be properly sealed. refer fig 7a

1.6.3 Horizontal venting

Individual units can be vented horizontally through side walls. Recommended terminals are Part Numbers 111848 for 4" and 111850 for 6".

Distances from adjacent public walkways, adjacent buildings, openable windows and building openings, consistent with the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54* or the *Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CSA B149.1.*

The maximum recommended vent length is 25ft (7.6m) with a maximum of two 90° elbows. However runs up to 12ft (3.6m) can use 4" (101mm) vent pipe. Runs over 12ft (3.6m) should always use 6" (152mm) vent pipe.

An approved clearance thimble is required when the flue pipe passes through combustible materials. Follow the requirements of the thimble manufacturer.

Standard vent terminals must extend at least 6" (152mm) from the wall and at least

24" (609mm) from any combustible overhang. This protects the building material from degradation by the vent gases.

Vent joints should be sealed and secured according to the vent manufacturers instructions. Should condensation occur the vent should be shortened or insulated.

The terminal should be at least 3ft (0.91m) from any air intake to the building.

The vent terminal must be installed at a suitable height above the ground to prevent blockage by snow.

1.7 Fresh Air Intake

Whenever the heater is installed in locations where airborne dust or other pollutants are present, a fresh air supply should be ducted to the burner.

If the heater is equipped with ducted combustion air, the vent terminal must be at least 3ft (0.91m) away from the air inlet and located higher than the inlet.

A fresh air duct of 4" (101mm) diameter should be installed from the fresh air to the air intake connection on the fan housing. A flexible jointing piece should be installed at the fan connection with hose clamps to facilitate expansion and contraction.

The maximum recommended length air duct is 25ft (7.6m) and the maximum number of elbows is two. The minimum length is 18" (456mm).

The location of the fresh air duct inlet must be where it will receive dust free clean air. An inlet cap with bird screen must be fitted at the inlet of the duct. If the duct inlet is located above the roof the underside of the inlet terminal must be at least 2ft (0.61m) above roof level (or above projected snow load) and at least 10" (254mm) above any projection on the roof within 7ft (2.1m) of the inlet. Intake pipe, fittings and sealant are not furnished by the manufacturer. Refer fig 7c & d.

Note the vent terminal must NOT be installed below the fresh air intake, and should have a minimum separation distance of 36" from the air intake.

Note The vent terminal should be installed so as to be in the same atmospheric pressure zone as the combustion air inlet of the appliance.

Figure 7.a Vertical Venting.

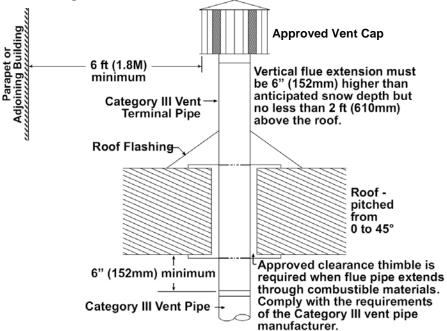
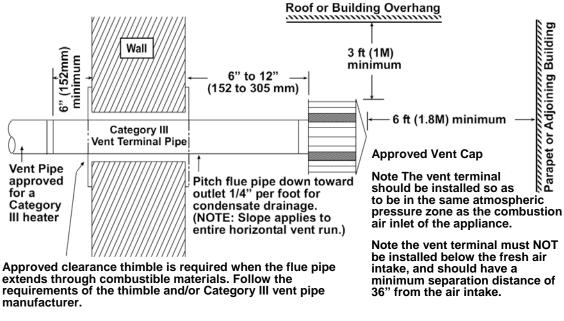
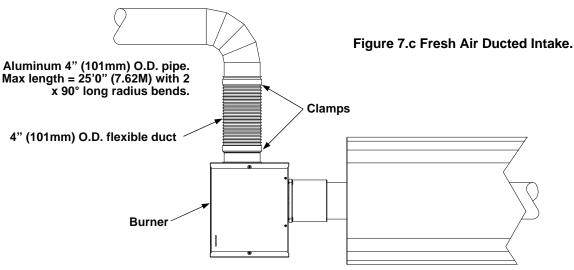


Figure 7.b Horizontal Venting (plan view shown).





1.8 Technical Details - Table 5a (VCLUS)

No of Injectors	1			
Gas Connection	½" N.P.T			
Electrical Supply	120 volt 1 phase 60Hz			
Vent size (in)	4" or 6" (101mm or 152mm)			
Unitary Fan Motor Details	120 volt 1 phase 60Hz			
Current Rating	1.8A MAX (models 40 - 150); 1.0A MAX (models 170 & 200)			
Ignition	Electronic Program Start up with Spark Ignition			

MODEL	Natural Gas	LP Gas	Min. Heater Length	Max. Heater Length	Min. Heater Length	Max. Heater Length
WODEL	BTU/Hr	BTU/Hr	S ft (m)	S ft (m)	U ft (m)	U ft (m)
40	41,500	41,500	10	30	20	20
60	60,000	60,000	20	40	20	40
80	80,000	80,000	30	40	20	40
100	100,000	100,000	30	50	40	40
125	123,500	125,000	30	60	40	60
150	150,000	150,000	40	70	40	60
170	169,000	169,000	50	80	60	80
200	200,000	N/A	50	80	60	80

Appliances can be installed up to 10,000ft in the USA. Altitude conversion kits are available on request.

USA	0-	0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level									
Size	40	60	80	100	125	150	170	200			
NG "WC	3.1	3.9	3.5	4.5	4.3	4.0	3.3	3.3			
LP "WC	3.4	5.5	5.2	8.0	7.6	7.0	6.1	N/A			

CANADA	0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level									
Size	40	60	80	100	125	150	170	200		
NG "WC	3.1	3.9	3.5	4.5	4.3	4.0	3.3	3.3		
LP "WC	3.4	5.5	5.2	8.0	7.6	7.0	6.1	N/A		

USA & CANADA		Natural Gas 0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level								
Size	40	60	80	100	125	150	170	200		
Burner Orifice Plate Part No.	201063-57 201063-77 201063-67 201063-23 201063-26 201063-78 20106						63-24			
Flame Plate Part No.	N/A									
Fan Part No.			201	957			202	132		
Fan Orifice Part No.	202483	201654	L200)301	201425	L200244	202133	201911		
Injector Part No.	201007-13	201007-15	-15 201007-18 201007-19		201007-23	201007-29	201631-28	201631-32		
Injector Carrier Part No.	202261 202262							262		
Pressure Switch Part No.	201508	201508 201676 20169								

USA & CANADA		LP Gas 0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level									
Size	40	60	80	100	125	150	170	200			
Burner Orifice Plate Part No.	201063-75	201063-74	201063-72	201063-56	201063-55	201063-54	201063-68				
Flame Plate Part No.	201571	201358	201	201571 201854			201905				
Fan Part No.			201	957			202132				
Fan Orifice Part No.	202483	202253	L200301	L200264	L200244	L200246	202352	N/A			
Injector Part No.	201007-10	201007-11	2010	07-13	201007-15	201007-17	201007-19				
Injector Carrier Part No.	202261										
Pressure Switch Part No.	201508			201	676						

MODEL		UT	ube		Straight Tube							
WIODEL	U20	U40	U60	U80	S10	S20	S30	S40	S50	S60	S70	S80
40	•				•	•	•					
60	•	•				•	•	•				
80	•	•					•	•				
100		•					•	•	•			
125		•	•				•	•	•	•		
150		•	•					•	•	•	•	
170			•	•					•	•	•	•
200*			•	•					•	•	•	•

^{*} Nat Gas ONLY

MODEL	Emitter Tube Type Material	Min. Distance to Bend
vcs	Calcoat™	ft (m)
40	ALL TUBES	10 (3.0)
60	ALL TUBES	10 (3.0)
80	ALL TUBES	10 (3.0)
100	ALL TUBES	15 (4.6)
125	ALL TUBES	15 (4.6)
150	ALL TUBES	20 (6.1)
170	ALL TUBES	25 (7.6)
200	ALL TUBES	25 (7.6)

1.8 Technical Details - Table 5b (VCLUS HL)

No of Injectors	1
Gas Connection	½" N.P.T
Electrical Supply	120 volt 1 phase 60Hz
Vent size (in)	4" or 6" (101mm or 152mm)
Unitary Fan Motor Details	120 volt 1 phase 60Hz
Current Rating	1.8A MAX (models 40 - 150); 1.0A MAX (models 170 & 200)
Ignition	Electronic Program Start up with Spark Ignition

MODEL	Natural Gas	LP Gas	Min. Heater Length	Max. Heater Length	Min. Heater Length	Max. Heater Length	
WODEL	High / Low	High / Low	S ft	S ft	U ft	U ft	
40	41,500/31,125	41,500/31,125	10	20	20	20	
60	60,000/48,000	60,000/48,000	20	40	20	40	
80	80,000/60,000	80,000/60,000	30	40	40	40	
100	100,000/75,000	100,000/75,000	30	40	40	40	
125	123,500/95,000	125,000/95,000	30	50	40	40	
150	150,000/100,000	150,000/100,000	40	60	40	60	
170	169,000/125,000	169,000/125,000	50	70	60	60	
200	200,000/160,000	N/A	50	70	60	60	

Appliances can be installed up to 10,000ft in the USA. Altitude conversion kits are available on request.

USA	0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level									
Size	40	60	80	100	125	150	170	200		
Gas		Natural Gas								
Hi "WC	3.1	3.9	3.5	4.5	4.3	4.0	3.3	4.0		
Lo "WC	2.1	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.7	2.1	1.9	2.5		

CANADA	0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level									
Size	40	40 60 80 100 125 150 170 200								
Gas		Natural Gas								
Hi "WC	3.1	3.9	3.5	4.5	4.3	4.0	3.3	4.0		
Lo "WC	2.1	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.7	2.1	1.9	2.5		

USA	0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level									
Size	40	60	80	100	125	150	170	200		
Gas		LP Gas								
Hi "WC	3.4	5.5	5.2	8.0	7.6	7.0	6.1	N/A		
Lo "WC	2.3	3.5	2.9	4.4	4.6	3.3	3.6	N/A		

CANADA	0-	0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level										
Size	40	60	80	100	125	150	170	200				
Gas		LP Gas										
Hi "WC	3.4	5.5	5.2	8.0	7.6	7.0	6.1	N/A				
Lo "WC	2.3	3.5	2.9	4.4	4.6	3.3	3.6	N/A				

Technical Details continued

USA & CANADA		Natural Gas 0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level								
Size	40	40 60 80 100 125 150 170					170	200		
Burner Orifice Plate Part No.	201063-57	201063-57 201063-77 201063-67 201063-23 201063-26 201063-78 201063-24						63-24		
Flame Plate Part No.	N/A									
Fan Part No.			2019	57			202	132		
Fan Orifice Part No.	202483	201654	L200	0301	201425	L200244	202133	201911		
Injector Part No.	201007-13	201007-15	201007-18	201007-19	201007-23	201007-29	201631-28	201631-32		
Injector Carrier Part No.	202261 202262									
Pressure Switch Part No.	201508			201	676			201697		

USA & CANADA		LP Gas 0- 2000 ft (0-610m) above sea level								
Size	40	60	80	100	125	150	170	200		
Burner Orifice Plate Part No.	201063-75	201063-74	201063-72	201063-56	201063-55	201063-54	201063-68			
Flame Plate Part No.	201571	201358	201	571	201854		201905			
Fan Part No.		201957 202132								
Fan Orifice Part No.	202483	202253	L200301	L200264	L200244	L200246	202352	N/A		
Injector Part No.	201007-10	201007-11	201007-13		201007-15	201007-17	201007-19			
Injector Carrier Part No.	202261									
Pressure Switch Part No.	201508			201	676					

MODEL	U Tube				Straight Tube						
MODEL	U20	U40	U60	S10	S20	S30	S40	S50	S60	S70	
40	•			•	•						
60	•	•			•	•	•				
80		•				•	•				
100		•				•	•				
125		•				•	•	•			
150		•	•				•	•	•		
170			•					•	•	•	
200*			•					•	•	•	

^{*} Nat Gas ONLY

MODEL	Emitter Tube Type Material	Min. Distance to Bend
	Calcoat™	ft (m)
40	ALL TUBES	10 (3.0)
60	ALL TUBES	10 (3.0)
80	ALL TUBES	10 (3.0)
100	ALL TUBES	15 (4.6)
125	ALL TUBES	15 (4.6)
150	ALL TUBES	20 (6.1)
170	ALL TUBES	25 (7.6)
200	ALL TUBES	25 (7.6)

2. Assembly Instructions.

PLEASE READ this section prior to assembly to familiarize yourself with the components and tools you require at the various stages of assembly. Carefully open the packaging and check the contents against the parts and check list.

The manufacturer reserves the right to alter specifications without prior notice.

Please ensure that all packaging is disposed of in a safe environmentally friendly way.

For your own safety we recommend the use of safety boots and leather faced gloves when handling sharp or heavy items. The use of protective eye wear is also recommended.

2.1 Tools Required.

The following tools and equipment are advisable to complete the tasks laid out in this manual.



Suitable alternative tools may be used.











Cordless Drill



5/16" Drive





Tape Measure

2.2 Assembly Notes.



Please read these assembly notes in conjunction with the correct assembly drawings (figs 9 to 19).

2.2.1 Emitter Tubes

Each VCLUS and VCLUS HL heating unit has all Calcoat™ emitter ubes.

Position emittert tubes on saw horses. For aesthetics it is advisable to position **all tube seams facing down.** Position coupling fastener so that these cannot be seen from beneath the heater.

Mark out the position of the bracket centers from the dimensions shown on the assembly drawings.



2.2.2 Turbulator Strips and Burner Inserts

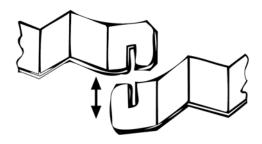
Ensure that the correct turbulator or burner insert is fitted, as this could void your warranty if they are incorrectly fitted or omitted when necessary.

2.2.2.1 Turbulator Strips

Turbulator strips should be inserted (when required) into the correct emitter tube exactly as indicated in the assembly drawings.

Locate turbulator strip sections. Install the first turbulator strip into the open end of the last emitter tube (only after it has been suspended and connected to the previous emitter tube.)

Interlock the next section of turbulator strip as shown in the diagram below.



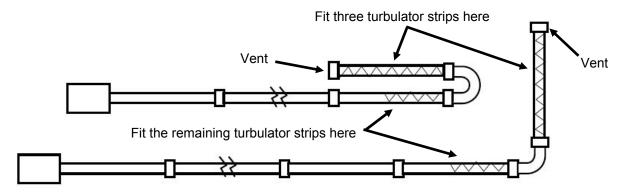


Slide the connected sections into the emitter tube(s). Add further strips to form the correct length required.

2.2.2.2

Where a heater configuration requires more than three turbulator strips and has the exhaust heat exchanger tube adjacent to an "L" or "U" heat exchanger tube, refer to the diagram below for positions.

For specific configurations see detailed assembly diagrams on pages 26 to 37.



2.2.2.2 Burner Inserts

The burner insert (when required) is inserted into the first heat exchanger emitter tube from where it is joined to the second emitter tube.

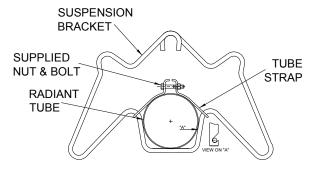


2.2.3 Brackets

There can be various styles of brackets supplied with these heaters:

2.2.3.1 Suspension Brackets

2.2.3.1.1 Fixed suspension bracket assembly part #L201020-SS & tube straps part #L201021-SUB-SS ONLY used as the first suspension bracket positioned CLOSEST TO THE BURNER.



PARTS #L201020-SS plus #L102021-SUB-SS

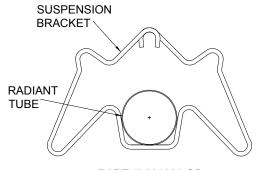
Slip the suspension first bracket assembly - part #L201020-SS onto the first section of emitter tube in the position as indicated on the assembly drawing.

Locate the tube strap assembly part #L201021-SUB-SS and loosen the nut and bolt.

Position the strap over the emitter tube and hook the two straps onto the suspension bracket.

Finally tighten the nut and bolt to secure the bracket onto the emitter tube.

2.2.3.1.2 Suspension brackets #L201020-SS with no tube straps. For **ALL** other suspension brackets

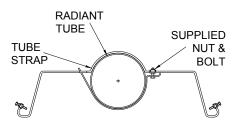


PART #L201020-SS

Once the emitter tubes have been assembled using the couplers (see section 2.2.4), position all other suspension brackets part #L201020-SS onto the tube(s) in their relevant positions as shown on the assembly drawing.

2.2.3.2 Reflector Support Brackets

Reflectors are positioned above the emitter tube with a reflector support bracket part #L201008-SUB-SS



REFLECTOR BRACKET #L201008-SUB-SS

Locate a suspension support bracket and remove the bolt fixing the strap to the bracket.

Position the bracket over the emitter tube and loosely replace the bolt.

Roughly position the support brackets in place along the emitter tube assembly as indicated on the assembly drawing. The positioning may need to be adjusted when the reflector is added.

2.2.4 Couplers

There are two types of couplers for joining radiant tubes and U or L bends.



A high temperature stainless steel 4" coupling which is used as detailed in the following table.

Model	First coupler	Second coupler
40-100	Standard	Standard
125-150	Hi-temp	Standard
170-200	Hi-temp	Hi-temp

Slide the coupler over the emitter tube ensuring that the rivet stop has butted up to the tube ends. Using the Allen wrench, tighten the pins.

DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN!!

Moving between the two screws, tighten each one in turn ensuring that equal pressure is applied to both. Complete assembly by drilling and screwing self tapping retention zip screws.



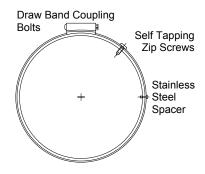
A standard stainless steel 4" coupling which is used for all other fixings.



Slide the coupler over the emitter ube ensuring that the rivet stop has butted up to the tube ends. Using the 5/16" drive, tighten the bolts.

DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN!!

Moving between the two tightening bolts, tighten both ensuring that equal pressure is applied to each in turn. Complete assembly by drilling and screwing self tapping retention zip screws.



At this point raise the tube assembly into position and suspend from previously fixed chains (Working Load 100lb). Longer tube assemblies may be raised in more than one sub-assembly with final tube connection made in the air.

2.2.5 Reflectors.



All reflectors must be positioned/ attached to the brackets exactly as detailed in the assembly drawings.

After removing the coloured protective plastic coating (where fitted), slip the reflectors through the suspension brackets until they overlap each other.

The first two reflectors are assembled and overlapped by a pre determined distance, as shown on the assembly drawing, and are fixed onto the emitter tube using the reflector support bracket part #L201008-SUB-SS.

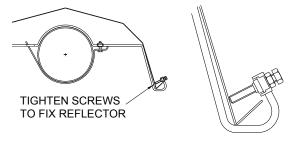


Each reflector must **OVERLAP** the previous one as indicated by their individual assembly sheets.

Reposition the reflector support bracket if necessary then tighten the clamp bolt.

These two reflectors are fixed in place by tightening the fixing screws/locknuts as below.

These are known as 'non-slip' overlaps.

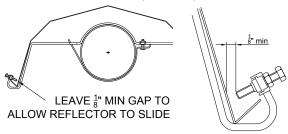


The next reflector is assembled and overlapped by the pre determined distance. The reflector is fitted onto the emitter tube using another reflector support bracket #L201008-SUB-SS.

Reposition the reflector support bracket if necessary, then tighten the clamp bolt.

These overlapped reflectors are allowed to 'float' within the support bracket by leaving a minimum of 1/8" gap of the fixing screws before tightening the locknuts.

These are known as 'slip' overlaps.

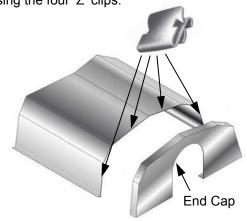


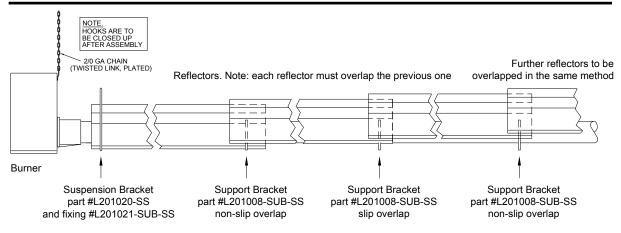
Further reflectors are assembled and overlapped onto the emitter tube by alternating 'non-slip' and 'slip' until complete length is covered.

Continue this method to the final reflector/ support bracket.

2.2.6 End Caps

Position an end cap beneath the reflector profile (where required) with the end cap flanges facing inwards. Fasten to reflector using the four 'Z' clips.





Subsequent support brackets to be alternating 'slip' and 'non-slip'

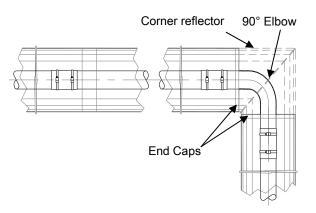
Note: For high wind applications use additional drill screws to secure end cap to the reflector

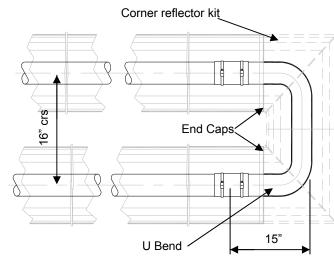
2.2.7 Bend(s) (where fitted)

The heater can be installed with 1 or 2 90° bends or a 180° U bend.

Slide the bend into the open end of the coupler ensuring that the screw stop has butted up to the tube ends. Refer to 2.2.4 for fastening.

Typical usage of optional bend kit





2.2.8 Burner/Fan Assembly.

Slide the burner assembly onto the open tube end, ensuring it is fully engaged. Secure with set screws.

For the purpose of unvented applications, a 4" 90° elbow should be used on the terminating end of the emitter tube sections. This elbow should be turned with the outlet facing either side.



Connect Gas and Electrical supplies as described in sections 1.4 and 1.5.

2.2.8.1 Model 40 S10 fan orifice plate

This model has a different fan orifice plate (Part No.202383) to all other models in the range. It is supplied with every burner as a loose item and should be discarded if not needed. This must be fitted to the 40 S10 model only.

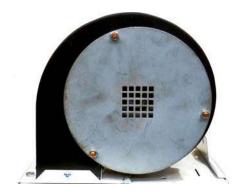
Note: There should be 25 5mm x 5mm square holes in the replacement plate.

Remove the top cover of the burner to expose the combustion fan.

Remove the four screws (arrowed), two of which can not be seen in the photograph. Lift out the fan assembly to access the fan.



Remove the three fixing nuts securing the existing orifice plate, then fit the replacement orifice plate with the correct air inlet hole orientation as shown below.



2.2.8.1 Model 200 S50 fan orifice plate

This model has a different fan orifice plate (Part No.202254) to all other models in the range. It is supplied with every burner as a loose item and should be discarded if not needed. This must be fitted to the 200 S50 model only.

Note: There should be 22 10mm x 10mm square holes in the replacement plate.

Remove the top cover of the burner to expose the combustion fan.

Remove the four screws (arrowed), three of which can not be seen in the photograph. Lift out the fan assembly to access the fan.



Remove the four fixing screws securing the existing orifice plate, then fit the replacement orifice plate with the correct air inlet hole orientation as shown below.



2.2.9 Heater Configurations

The sketches shown on the following page show various heater configurations for the model series dependent on heater length and rating. It is important not to configure a heater outside of these recommendations.

2.2.10 Detailed Assembly Drawings

The following pages show the technical dimensional details of the range of heaters.

Please note the heater type, length and reference number from the delivery/advice note before identifying the correct model drawing.

Bends must be fitted at a distance of at least 50% of the total heat exchanger e.g. for a 60ft long heater, the closest to the burner a bend can be is 30ft.

S10	Ů				
S20				or E	
S30	Ė		ğ	α λ 	
S40					
S50		Û I			
S60				•	
S70					
S80					
U20					
U40					
U60					
U80					

Figure 10. Heater Assembly: Model Linear VCLUS 40-S10 VCLUS HL 40-S10

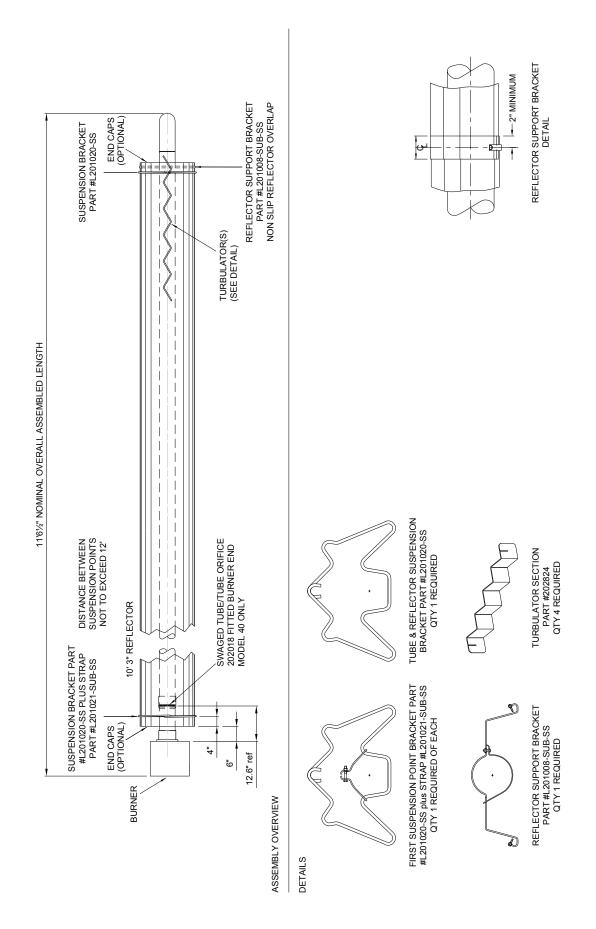


Figure 11. Heater Assembly: Model Linear VCLUS 40-S20 and 60-S20. VCLUS HL 40-S20 and 60-S20.

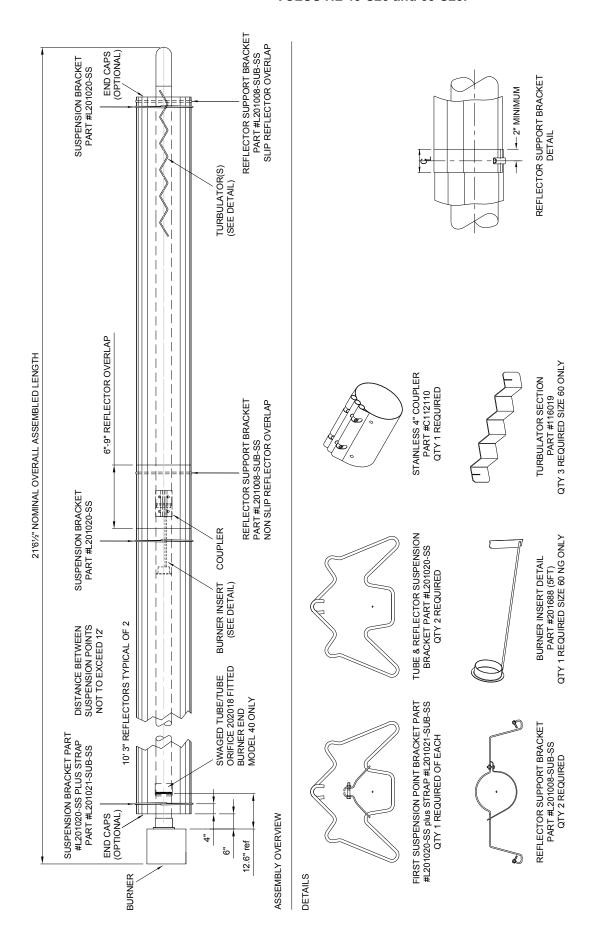


Figure 12. Heater Assembly: Model Linear VCLUS 40-S30, 60-S30, 80-S30, 100-S30 and 125-S30. VCLUS HL 60-S30, 80-S30, 100-S30 and 125-S30.

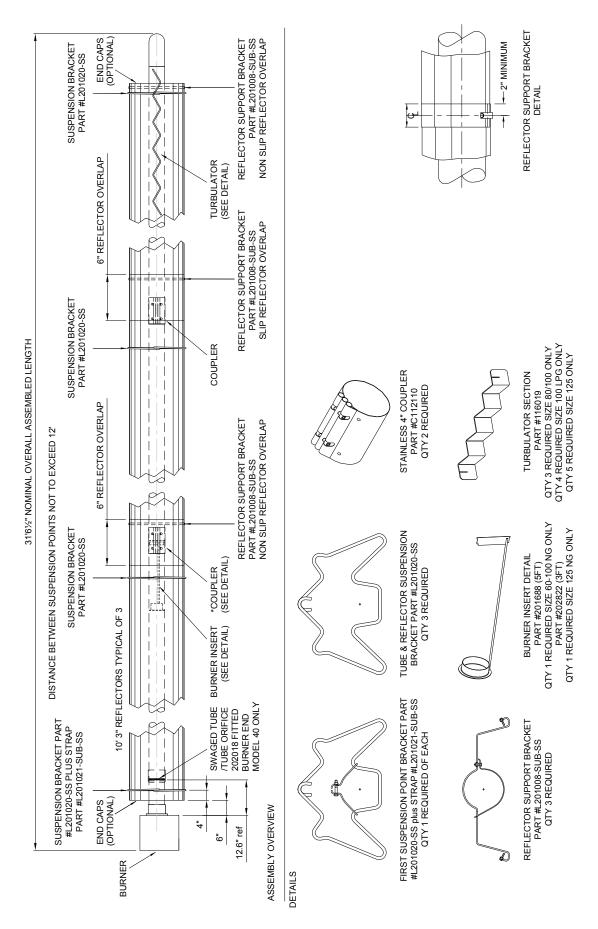


Figure 13. Heater Assembly: Model Linear VCLUS 60-S40, 80-S40, 100-S40, 125-S40 and 150-S40. VCLUS HL 60-S40, 80-S40, 100-S40, 125-S40 and 150-S40.

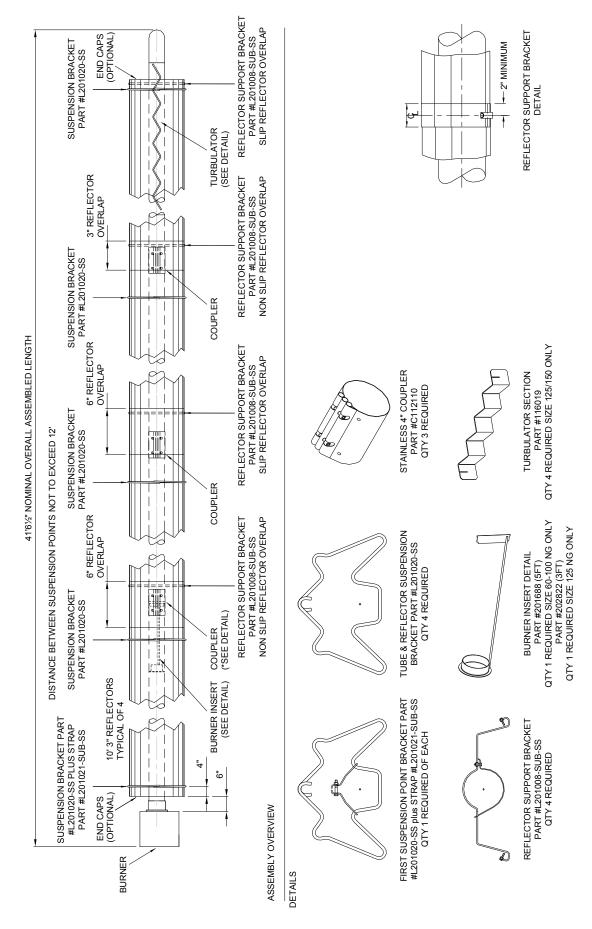


Figure 14. Heater Assembly: Model Linear VCLUS 100-S50, 125-S50, 150-S50, 170-S50 and 200-S50. VCLUS HL 125-S50, 150-S50, 170-S50 and 200-S50.

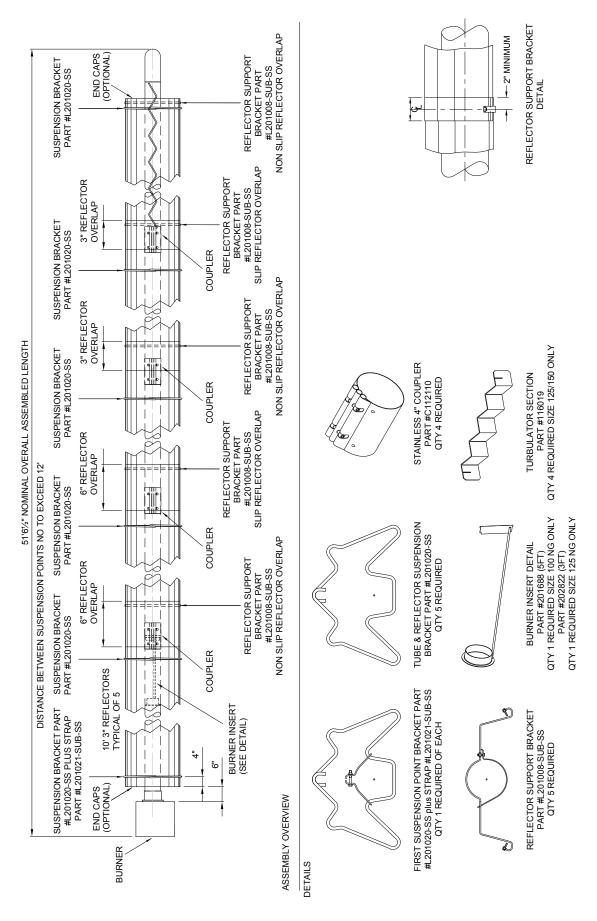


Figure 15. Heater Assembly: Model Linear VCLUS 125-S60, 150-S60, 170-S60 and 200-S60. VCLUS HL 150-S60, 170-S60 and 200-S60.

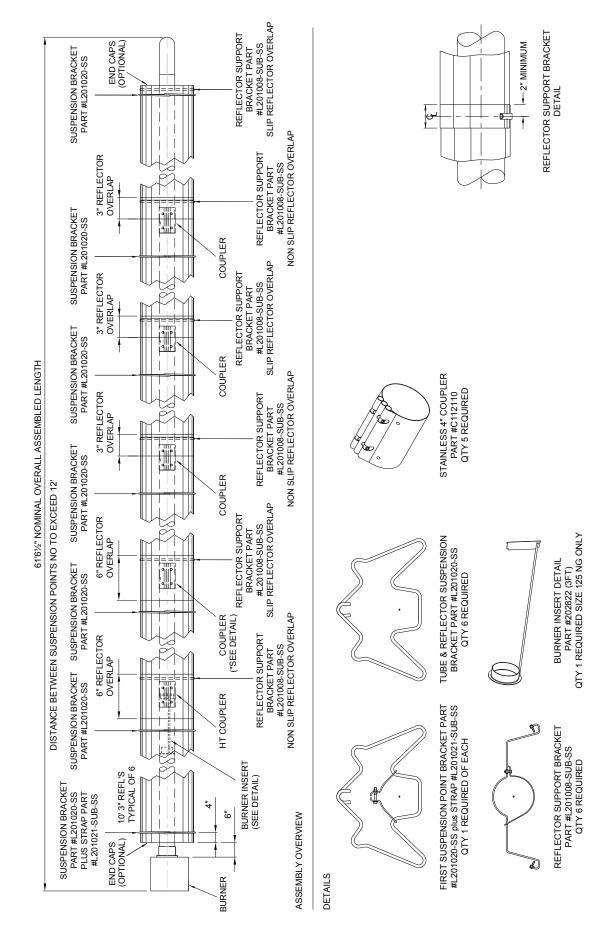


Figure 16. Heater Assembly: Model Linear VCLUS 150-S70, 170-S70 and 200-S70. VCLUS HL 170-S70 and 200-S70.

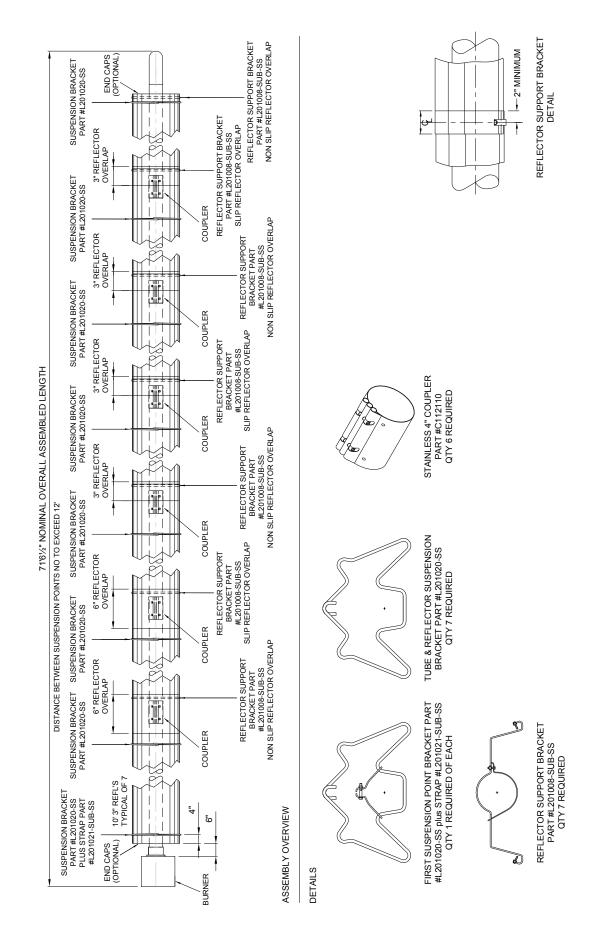


Figure 17. Heater Assembly: Model Linear VCLUS 170-S80 and 200-S80.

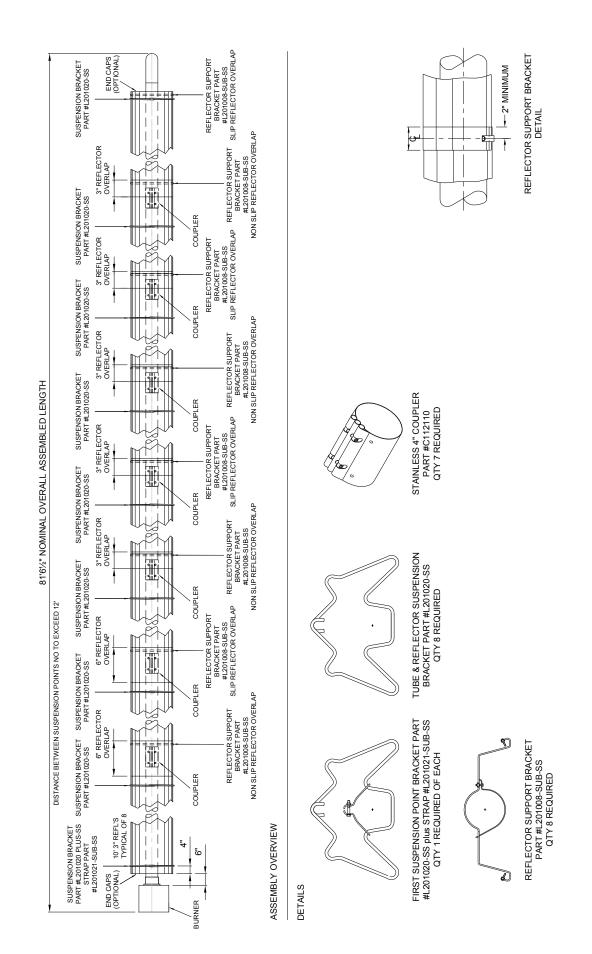


Figure 18. Heater Assembly: Model U tube VCLUS 40-U20, 60-U20 and 80-U20. VCLUS HL 40-U20 and 60-U20.

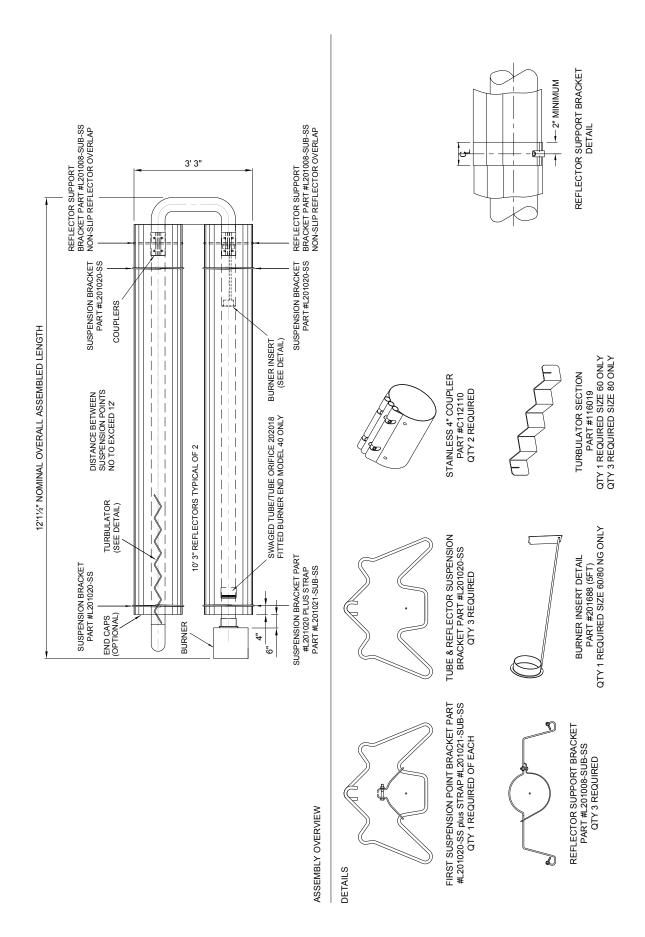


Figure 19. Heater Assembly: Model U tube VCLUS 60-U40, 80-U40, 100-U40, 125-U40 and 150-U40. VCLUS HL 60-U40, 80-U40, 100-U40, 125-U40 and 150-U40.

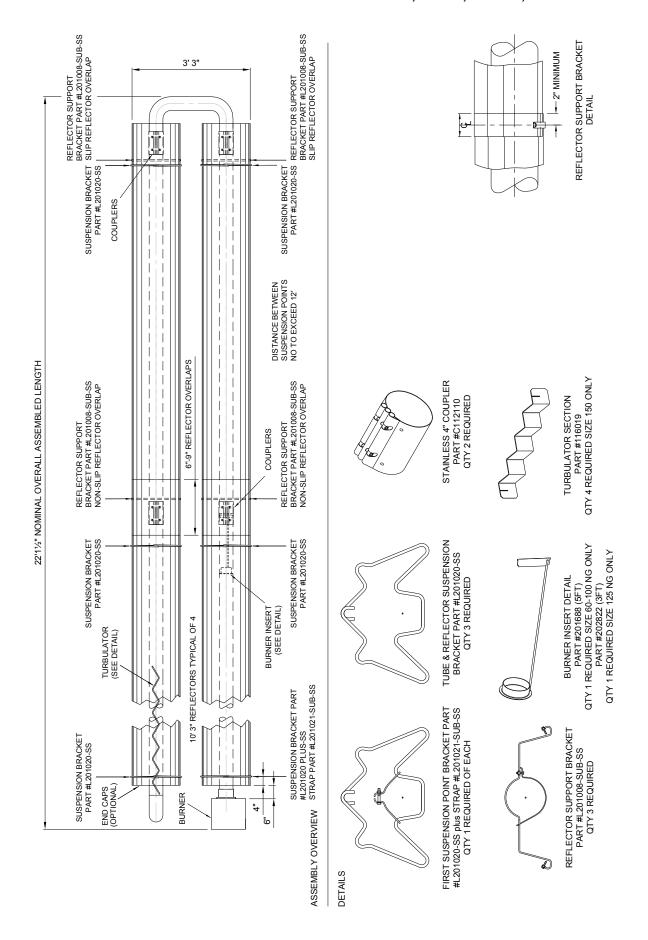


Figure 20. Heater Assembly: Model U tube VCLUS 125-U60, 150-U60, 170-U60 and 200-U60. VCLUS HL 150-U60, 170-U60 and 200-U60.

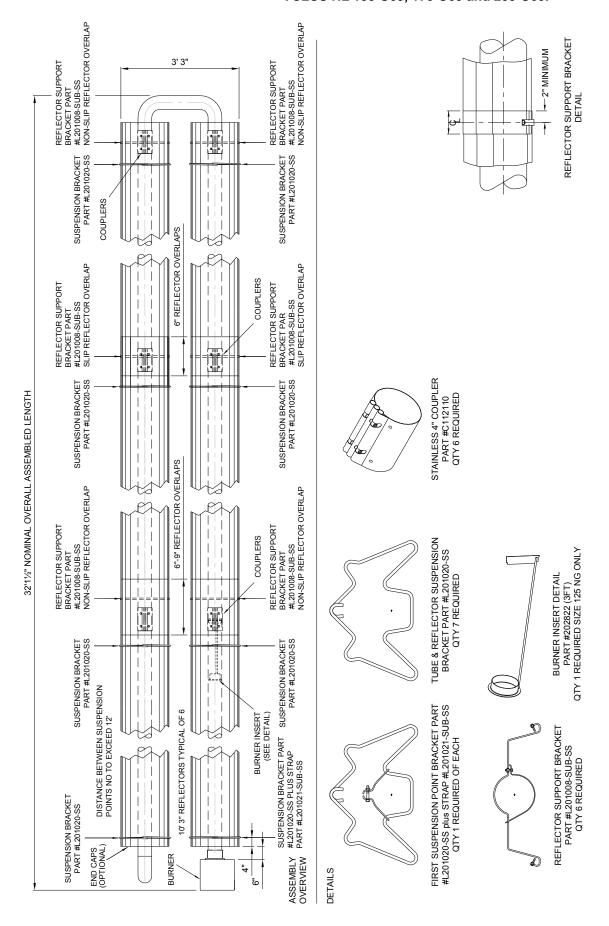
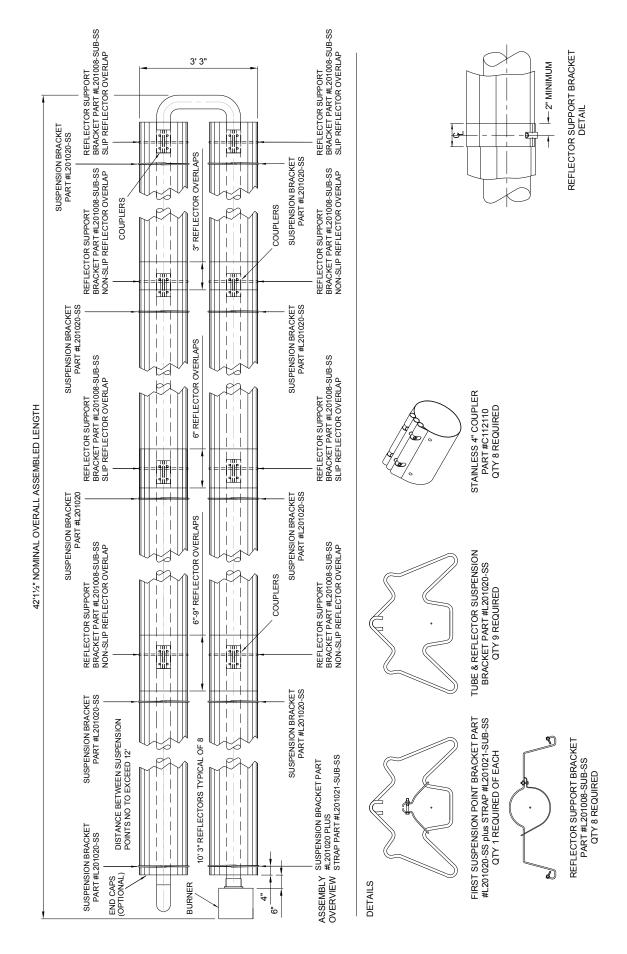


Figure 21. Heater Assembly: Model U tube VCLUS 170-U80 and 200-U80.



3. Start Up Instructions.



These appliances should be commissioned by a qualified mechanical contractor.

3.1 Tools Required.

The following tools and equipment are advisable to complete the tasks laid out in this manual.



Suitable alternative tools may be used.



3.2 Start Up procedure

Inspect installation and ensure that it has been carried out in accordance with these instructions. Ensure that electrical and gas supplies are isolated.

The gas supply should be purged and tested for soundness in accordance with local and National Safety codes.

Open isolating gas valve and test gas connections for soundness using soap solution.

Open the control housing door by unscrewing the securing screw. Ensure all internal components are securely fixed and all connections securely made.

Switch on the electrical supply to start the heater and observe the correct start up sequence. Ensure that the setting of any time switch and thermostat are such that the heating system will be required to operate.

The fan will start to run and the 'power on' lamp will illuminate. Safe-start checks are carried out automatically.

After the fan has run up to full speed and a satisfactory pressure condition has been established, the ignition sequence will commence. The spark ignition will be energized producing a spark at the ignition electrode. The gas solenoid valve will at the same time be energized and the 'burner on' lamp will illuminate. If the ignition is successful the flame is detected by the flame sensing probe and the 'burner on' lamp will remain on.

If ignition is unsuccessful the gas valve will close and the spark ignition de-energized after approximately 10 seconds.

For approximately 30 seconds the fan will purge the system then re-ignition will be attempted. After 2 further attempts at ignition the control unit will 'lock-out', the 'power on' lamp will remain illuminated and the fan will continue to run.

To reset after 'lockout' switch off the power supply to the system and wait 2 minutes. Then turn the power on. If repeated 'lockout' occurs investigate the cause.

Set burner gas pressure as follows: Switch off the power supply to the heating system.

Connect a 'U' tube manometer to the pressure test point provided on the combination gas control valve.

Remove the cover from the pressure regulator revealing the adjustable screw.

Start the heater and using a suitable screwdriver adjust the pressure regulator, turning the screw clockwise to increase the pressure or counter-clockwise to decrease the pressure.

Set the pressure to appropriate inches w.c. from the table of gas pressures and orifice plate dimensions for correct heater description. (See section 1.8 page 15 for VCLUS or page 17 for VCLUS HL). The high fire gas pressure should be set first followed by the low fire gas pressure. Re-check the high fire and re-adjust if necessary.

To enable post purge ensure that the setting of any time switch and thermostat are such that the heating system will be required to turn off.

Switch off the power supply to the heating system. Disconnect 'U' tube manometer, then secure screw in pressure test nipple.

Check the operation of the flame safeguard equipment as follows:

With the heater running normally, switch off the gas supply at the shut off valve. The heater should attempt to relight. If the gas valve has been left off, 'lock-out' should occur. This is indicated by the 'power on' lamp being illuminated and fan running, but the 'burner on' lamp being off.

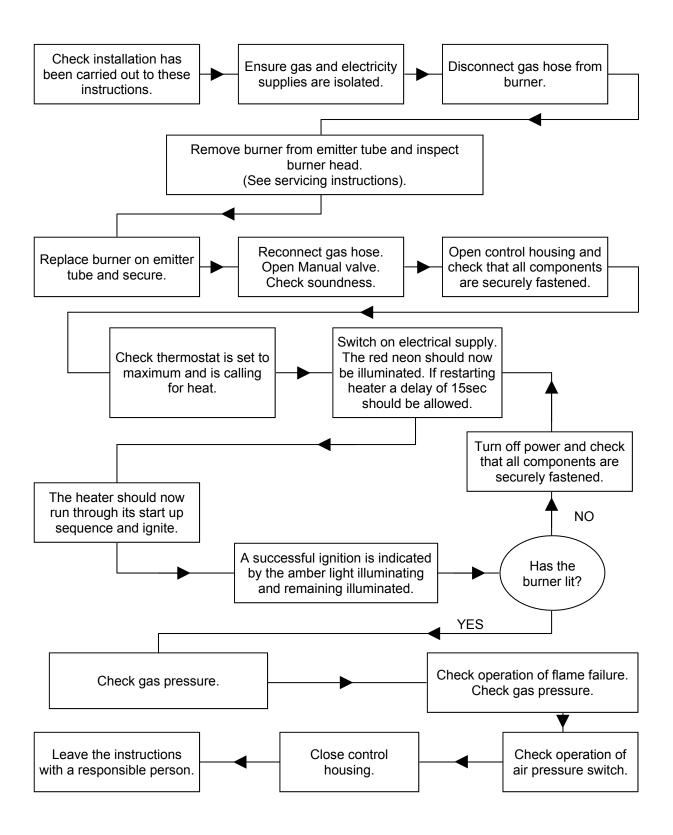
Check the operation of the pressure proving switch as follows:

With the heater running normally, pull off the silicone rubber tube connecting the vacuum switch to the combustion chamber. Within 4 seconds the burner should shut off.

Then replace the tube securely and observe that the heater proceeds to ignite in the normal way.

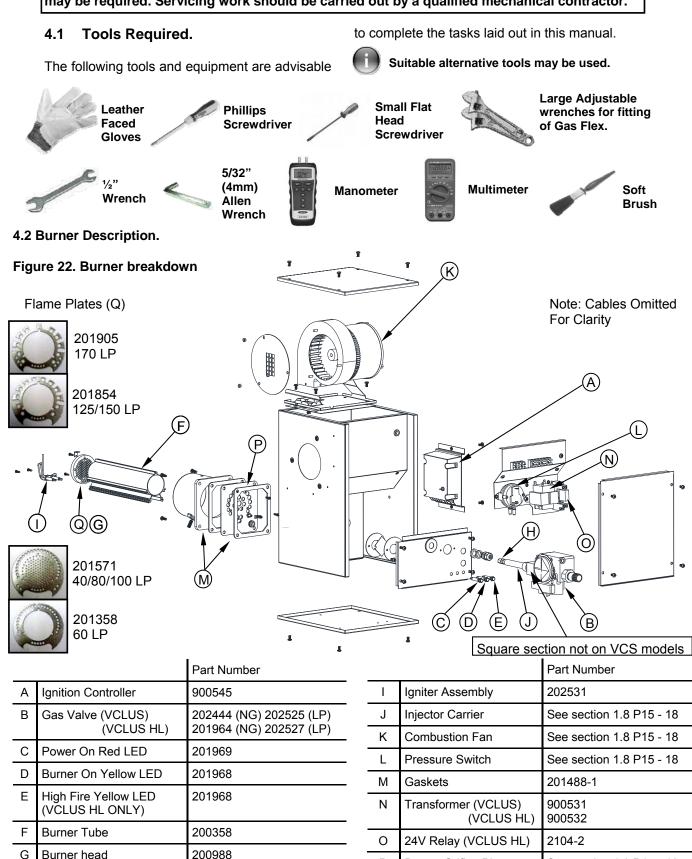
Close the controls door securing it with the screw.

Commissioning chart



4. Servicing Instructions.

These appliances should be serviced annually by a competent person to ensure safe and efficient operation. In mildly dusty or polluted conditions more frequent servicing may be required. Servicing work should be carried out by a qualified mechanical contractor.



Burner Orifice Plate

Flame Plate (not shown)

Q

See section 1.8 P15 - 18

See photos above

Injector

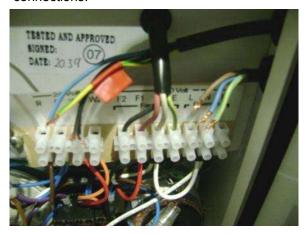
See section 1.8 P15 - 18

4.3 Burner Removal



Step 1: Isolate power and gas supplies.

Step 2: Disconnect the external power/control connections.



Step 3: Detach the gas supply as shown below, taking care to support the burner connection.



Step 4: If ducted air is connected, loosen hose clip and remove the flexible hose from the burner.



Step 5: Loosen the set screw on the burner support casting to enable the burner to be removed from the emitter tube.



Step 6: Remove the burner and position the burner in a safe area to prevent the burner or components attached to the burner from falling to the ground.

4.4 Burner Gas Injector Servicing

Step 1: Remove the 4 retaining screws, then remove the burner support casting and gasket.



Step 2: The burner head assembly can be disconnected by separating the connectors of the ignition lead assembly and removing the earth lead and pressure switch silicon tube.



Step 3: The gas injector can be inspected and replaced if contaminated or blocked.

When replacing the gas injector ensure approved thread sealant is used.

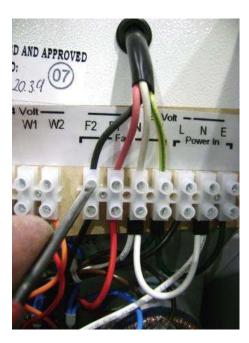
Step 4: Reconnect ignition leads and silicone tube to test nipple. Refit gasket and support casting.

4.5 Combustion Fan Servicing

Step 1: Remove the four top lid screws to reveal the combustion fan shown below.



Step 2: Disconnect the fan cables after first noting their positions, then pull cable through to fan compartment.



Step 3: Remove the four fan fixing screws then withdraw the fan complete with mounting bracket as shown below.



Step 4: Remove fan orifice plate.

Step 5: Inspect the impeller and remove any dust with a soft brush.

Step 6: Remove any dust from fan scroll and from around the motor.

Step 7: Ensure the impeller rotates freely.

Step 8: Refit components.

4.6 Burner Head and Electrode Servicing

Step 1: Check the pepper pot burner head for contamination. If necessary this can be removed. See below.



This can be cleaned together with the inside of the burner head.

Step 2: The pepper pot burner head can be replaced ensuring the 5 holes on the outer ring are aligned alongside the probes.

Step 3: The condition of the igniter assembly can be checked for deterioration. However, we advise replacement at each service to ensure

continued reliability. Detach the electrode assembly from the burner head by removing the two screws as shown and separating the igniter assembly lead connectors.

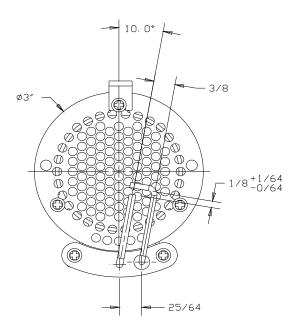
Step 4: Refit the electrode assembly and ensure the connections are secure to prevent incorrect sparking of the spark electrode.



Step 5: Check the positions and spark gap as shown in diagram below.

Step 6: The burner assembly is ready to refit after servicing the combustion fan and the radiant tube assembly.

Step 7: Refit components.



4.7 Emitter Tube Servicing

Step 1: Brush any dust from the exterior of the emitter tubes.

Step 2: Inspect the fan and burner emitter tubes visually. If the emitter tubes appear clean, skip to servicing the reflector.

Step 3: If required the interior of the emitter tubes can then be cleaned using an industrial vacuum cleaner or by using long poles and a scraper.

4.8 Reflector Servicing

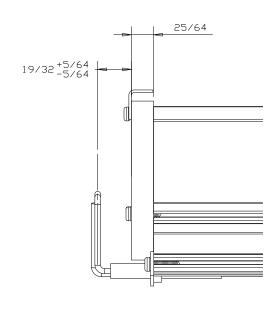
The condition of the reflectors should be noted. If necessary the reflectors can be cleaned with a mild detergent. This can significantly improve the efficiency of the appliance.

4.9 Cleaning of Vent

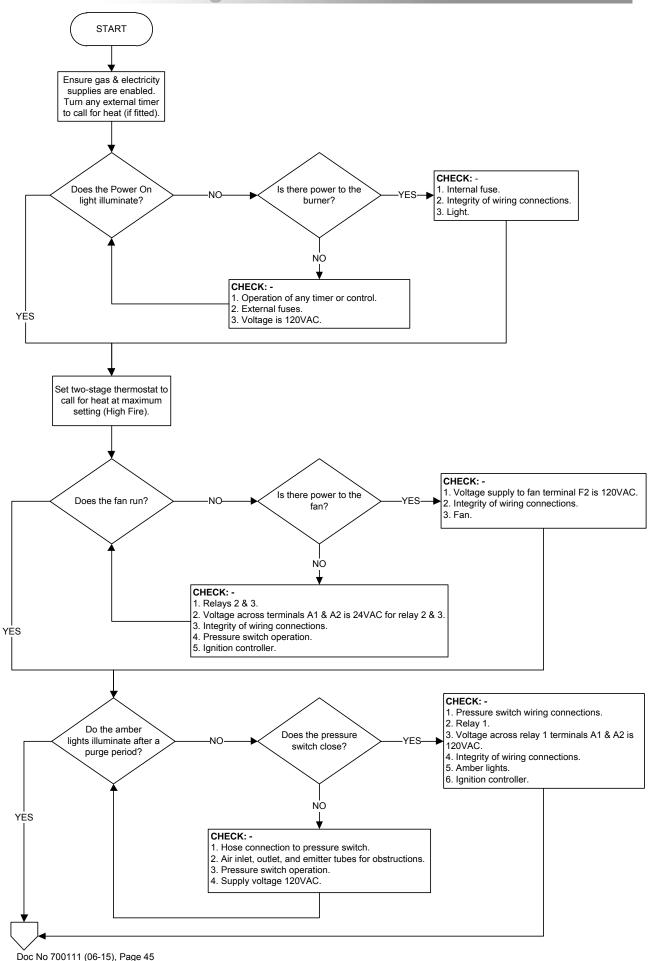
Inspect the fresh air inlet duct and vent to ensure they are free from any blockage or obstruction. The air inlet terminal and vent terminal should be inspected to ensure they are not liable to obstruction.

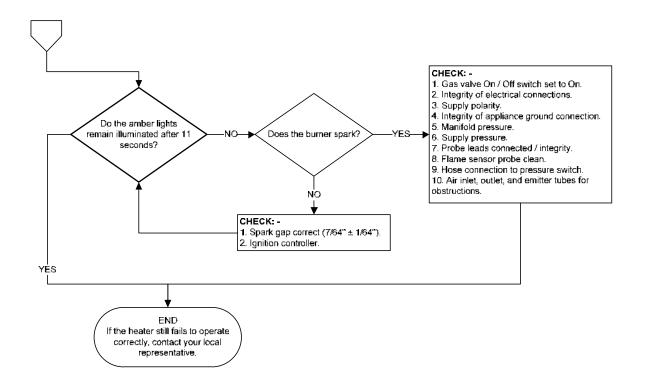
4.10 Re-commissioning After Service

After servicing of the heater has been undertaken, it will be necessary to re-commission the heater as detailed in the commissioning chart in these instructions.



5. Troubleshooting Guide





To aid in the trouble shooting process the UT controller has a LED flash code diagnostic sequence:

Steady Off No control Power

Steady On Power Applied, Control OK

1 Flash Combustion Pressure Switch Open With Blower On2 Flashes Combustion Pressure Switch Closed With Blower Off

3 Flashes Lockout From The Three Ignition Trials
 4 Flashes Lockout From Five Flame Losses
 5 Flashes Control Hardware Fault Detected

6 Flashes Lockout From Five Pressure Switch Losses

6. Replacing Parts.

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Turn off gas and any electrical supplies to the heater before starting repair work.

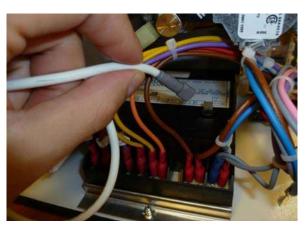
6.1 Burner Controller Replacement

Step 1: Remove the four screws securing the bottom access door.

Step 2: Disconnect burner controller from the wiring harness.



Step 3: Disconnect the spark lead from burner controller.



Step 4: Remove burner controller retaining screws. Remove burner controller.

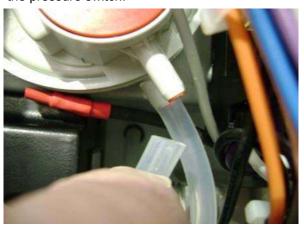
Step 5: Fit new burner controller.

Step 6: Refit spark lead and wiring harness connectors.

Step 7: Test product for correct operation, close access door.

6.2 Air Pressure Switch Replacement

Step 1: Disconnect the two silicone tubes from the pressure switch.



Step 2: Remove the two electrical chassis retaining screws (circled).



Step 3: Disconnect pressure switch wiring.



Step 4: It may be necessary to partially disconnect the chassis wiring to access the pressure switch mounting screws at the rear.

The air pressure switch can now be removed by unscrewing from the back plate.

Step 5: Fit the new air pressure switch ensuring the tubes are connected as shown below.



Step 6: Re-connect wiring.

Step 7: Test product for correct operation, close access door.

6.3 Gas Valve Replacement

Step 1: Remove the burner assembly as described in the servicing section.

Step 2: Open the rear access door.

Step 3: Remove the two securing screws from the base of the injector tube, noting earth terminal connection.



Step 4: Remove the gas valve wiring connections, noting their positions.



Step 5: Remove the four screws (circled) securing the gas valve inlet plate to the burner housing and remove plate.



Step 6: Remove gas valve rearwards as shown.



Step 7: The jet carrier and gas inlet can now be detached from the gas valve.

Step 8: Replace gas valve.

Step 9: Re-connect wiring.

Step 10: Set burner pressure.

Step 11: Test product for correct operation, close access door.

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7. User & Operating Instructions

Radiant tubular infrared heaters are designed for overhead heating of industrial and commercial buildings. Individual heating units are suspended from the roof installer.



- 1. This appliance must only be installed by qualified in accordance with the requirements of local and National Codes.
- 2. This appliance must be grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA No.70 or Canadian Codes.
- 3. Never rest anything, especially ladders against the heaters.

7.1.1 To Start the VCLUS Heater

- 1. First ensure that the gas supply to each heater is turned on by opening the main gas shut off valve.
- 2. Ensure that the setting of any time clock and thermostat are such that the heating system will be required to operate.
- 3. Switch on the electricity supply to the heater. The fan will start, the 'power on' light on the burner will illuminate and ignition commence.
- 4. Ignition will occur.
- 5. If ignition is unsuccessful the gas valve will close and the spark ignition de-energize after approximately 15 seconds. For approximately 30 seconds the fan will purge the system then re-ignition will be attempted. After 3 attempts at ignition the control unit will 'lock-out', the 'power on' lamp will remain illuminated and the fan will continue to run for 120 seconds then stop. To reset after 'lockout', switch off the power supply to the heater and wait 5 minutes. Then turn the power on. If repeated 'lockout' occurs investigate the cause.

7.1 To Start the VCLUS HL Heater

- 1. First ensure that the gas supply to each heater is turned on by opening the main gas shut off valve.
- 2. Switch on the electrical supply to the heater. The 'power on' lamp will illuminate.
- Ensure that the settings of the two stage thermostat and any time switch are set so that the heating system will be required to operate.

- 4. The fan will start and the ignition sequence will commence.
- Ignition of the burner will occur and the 'low fire' light only will illuminate for low fire and both the 'low fire' and 'high fire' lights will illuminate for high fire.
- 6. If ignition is unsuccessful the gas valve will close and the spark ignition de-energize after approximately 15 seconds. For approximately 30 seconds the fan will purge the system then re-ignition will be attempted. After 3 attempts at ignition the control unit will 'lock-out', the 'power on' lamp will remain illuminated and the fan will continue to run for 120 seconds then stop. To reset after 'lockout', switch off the power supply to the heater and wait 5 minutes. Then turn the power on. If repeated 'lockout' occurs investigate the cause.

7.2. To Switch Off Heater

Ensure that the setting of any time switch and thermostat are such that the heating system will be required to turn off. Switch off electrical supply to the heater. The burner will stop and the fan will shut off.

7.3. Servicing

To ensure continued, efficient and safe operation it is recommended that the heater be serviced regularly by a qualified person every year in normal working environments but in exceptionally dusty or polluted environments more frequent servicing may be needed.





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